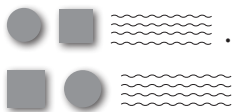


Věta tázací 1)

⇒ Věta tázací má na konci otazník. Věta oznamovací má na konci tečku.

⇒ V angličtině jsou dva druhy věty tázací.

⇒ Jeden druh tvoří otázku převrácením:



O t á z k a :

am I ?	are we ?
are you ?	are you ?
is Bob... ? is he ?	are they ?
is Clara... ? is she ?	
is it ?	

V otázce nelze použít zkrácené tvary.
Musíš znát slova, která zkracuje
apostrof.

I am	we are
you are	you are
Bob is, he is	they are
Clara is, she is	
it is	

I'm	jsem	we're	jsme
you're	jsi	you're	jste
he's	je	they're	jsou
she's			
it's			

1. Napiš otázky.

You are at home. **ARE YOU AT HOME ?**

You are at school.

 Bob is at school.

 He is at school.

 Clara is at school.

 She is at school.

 Mark and Lucas are at school.

They are at school.



Otázky a odpovědi



yes [jes] ano

no [nou] ne

where [we:ə] kde

Where are you? Are you at home?

Kde jsi? Jsi doma?

Yes. Yes, I am.

Ano. Ano, jsem.

I am at home.

Jsem doma.

No. No, I am not.

Ne. Ne, nejsem.

I am not at home.

Nejsem doma.

2. Napiš otázky.

Where are you?



in the park
[in ðə p'a:k]
v parku

You are in the park. **ARE YOU IN THE PARK ?**

You are in the garden.

Where are they?

Bob is in the park.

He is in the park.

Clara is in the garden.

She is in the garden.

Mark and Lucas are in the garden.

.....

They are in the garden.



in the garden
[in ðə ga:dn]
na zahradě

3. Odpověz na otázky: **Yes, I am. No, I am not.**

Are you at school?

Are you a boy?

Are you a girl?

Idiom: Jak se máš?

How are you?

Odpovíš: **I am OK.**

Zeptáš se: **How are you?**

What is your name?

How old are you?

I AM 11.